

SEMESTER-VI

S. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	T	P	Credit
1	PCC-CE613	Construction Engineering & Management	2	1	0	3
2	PCC-CE614	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	2	0	4	4
3	PCC-CE615	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	2	1	0	3
4	PEC-CE	Elective-II	3	0	0	3
5	PEC-CE	Elective-III	3	0	0	3
6	OEC-CE	Open Elective –I	3	0	0	3
Total						19

PCC-CE613	Construction Engineering & Management	2L:1T:0P	3 credits
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Module 1: *Basics of Construction*- Unique features of construction, construction projects- types and features, phases of a project, agencies involved and their methods of execution; **Module 2:** Construction project planning- Stages of project planning: pre-tender planning, pre-construction planning, detailed construction planning, role of client and contractor, level of detail. Process of development of plans and schedules, work break-down structure, activity lists, assessment of work content, concept of productivities, estimating durations, sequence of activities, activity utility data; Techniques of planning- Bar charts, Gantt Charts. Networks: basic terminology, types of precedence relationships, preparation of CPM networks: activity on link and activity on node representation, computation of float values, critical and semi critical paths, calendaring networks. PERT- Assumptions underlying PERT analysis, determining three time estimates, analysis, slack computations, calculation of probability of completion.

Module 3: Construction Methods basics: Types of foundations and construction methods; Basics of Formwork and Staging; Common building construction methods (conventional walls and slabs; conventional framed structure with blockwork walls; Modular construction methods for repetitive works; Precast concrete construction methods; Basics of Slip forming for tall structures; Basic construction methods for steel structures; Basics of construction methods for Bridges.

Module 4: Construction Equipment basics: Conventional construction methods Vs Mechanized methods and advantages of latter; Equipment for Earthmoving,

Dewatering; Concrete mixing, transporting & placing; Cranes, Hoists and other equipment for lifting; Equipment for transportation of materials.
Equipment Productivities

Module 5: Planning and organizing construction site and resources- Site: site layout including enabling structures, developing site organization, Documentation at site; Manpower: planning, organizing, staffing, motivation; Materials: concepts of planning, procurement and inventory control; Equipment: basic concepts of planning and organizing; Funds: cash flow, sources of funds; Histograms and S-Curves. Earned Value; Resource Scheduling- Bar chart, line of balance technique, resource constraints and conflicts; resource aggregation, allocation, smoothening and leveling. Common Good Practices in Construction

Module 6: *Project Monitoring & Control*- Supervision, record keeping, periodic progress reports, periodical progress meetings. Updating of plans: purpose, frequency and methods of updating. Common causes of time and cost overruns and corrective measures. Basics of Modern Project management systems such as Lean Construction; Use of Building Information Modelling (BIM) in project management; Quality control: concept of quality, quality of constructed structure, use of manuals and checklists for quality control, role of inspection, basics of statistical quality control. Safety, Health and Environment on project sites: accidents; their causes, effects and preventive measures, costs of accidents, occupational health problems in construction, organizing for safety and health.

Module 7: *Contracts Management basics*: Importance of contracts; Types of Contracts, parties to a contract; Common contract clauses (Notice to proceed, rights and duties of various parties, notices to be given, Contract Duration and Price. Performance parameters; Delays, penalties and liquidated damages; Force Majeure, Suspension and Termination. Changes & variations, Dispute Resolution methods.

Module 8: *Construction Costs: Make-up of construction costs*; Classification of costs, time-cost trade-off in construction projects, compression and decompression.

Text/Reference Books:

1. Varghese, P.C., “*Building Construction*”, Prentice Hall India, 2007.
2. *National Building Code*, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 2017.
3. Chudley, R., *Construction Technology*, ELBS Publishers, 2007.
4. Peurifoy, R.L. *Construction Planning, Methods and Equipment*, McGraw Hill, 2011
5. Nunnally, S.W. *Construction Methods and Management*, Prentice Hall, 2006
6. Jha, Kumar Neeraj., *Construction Project management, Theory & Practice*, Pearson Education India, 2015
7. Punmia, B.C., Khandelwal, K.K., *Project Planning with PERT and CPM*, Laxmi Publications, 2016.

S.No.	Module (No. of Lectures in brackets)	Tutorials
1	Basics of Construction (2)	

2	Construction Planning (6)	Develop a WBD structure for the construction of one storeyed building; Develop a bar chart for the construction of this building, including finishing activities, assuming reasonable activity durations.
3	Construction Methods basics (6)	Develop a CPM chart for a 5 span bridge on open foundations. Develop a comparative table for a 10-storeyed building constructed by at least three different methods, listing their pros and cons.
4	Construction Equipment Basics (3)	Develop a Gantt Chart for the construction of a two storeyed precast framed structure, including open foundations, along with list of equipment resources, assuming reasonable quantities and productivities. Develop a bar chart for concreting 1500 sq.m. of a 15cm. thick slab using various equipment for production to placing of concrete at 3m height above ground level; show all equipment resources required, along with a site layout.
5	Planning and Organizing Construction Site and Resources (4)	For the construction of a typical 3 storeyed, framed structure with 400 sq.m. area per floor develop the histograms for the various resources required, showing all intermediate calculations; also, draw S-curves for concrete placing and blockwork done over the period.
6	Project Monitoring and Control (4)	Write a 500-word note on the advantages of Lean Construction method over conventional project management systems. Write a 500-word note on the Safety and Health precautions you would take for a typical 3 storeyed building with 400 sq. m. plinth area.
7	Contract Management basics (3)	Assuming a 4 month delay in a construction contract of 24 months duration, form 3 groups for arguing the case for or against levying penalty on the contractor; Group A to formulate the contract conditions, Group B to act as

		Client and Group C to act as the Contractor. One person to act as Arbitrator/ Judge.
8	Construction Costs (2)	Refer to a Standard Schedule of Rates of any PWD (available on the Net), develop the approximate cost of a 3 storey, 400 sqm plinth area building.
	Total: 30 Lectures	15 Tutorials

Outcomes:

On completion of the course, the students will have:

- An idea of how structures are built and projects are developed on the field
- An understanding of modern construction practices
- A good idea of basic construction dynamics- various stakeholders, project objectives, processes, resources required and project economics
- A basic ability to plan, control and monitor construction projects with respect to time and cost
- An idea of how to optimise construction projects based on costs
- An idea how construction projects are administered with respect to contract structures and issues.
- An ability to put forward ideas and understandings to others with effective communication processes

PCC-CE614	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	2L:0T:4P	4 credits
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Module 1: Basic Principles and Methodology of Economics. Demand/Supply – elasticity – Government Policies and Application, Theory of the Firm and Market Structure. Basic Macro-economic Concepts (including GDP/GNP/NI/Disposable Income) and Identities for both closed and open economies. Aggregate demand and Supply (IS/LM). Price Indices (WPI/CPI), Interest rates, Direct and Indirect Taxes (3 lectures)

Module 2: Public Sector Economics –Welfare, Externalities, Labour Market, Components of Monetary and Financial System, Central Bank –Monetary Aggregates; Commercial Banks & their functions; Capital and Debt Markets, Monetary and Fiscal Policy Tools & their impact on the economy – Inflation and Phillips Curve. (2 lectures)

Module 3:Elements of Business/Managerial Economics and forms of organizations. Cost & Cost Control –Techniques, Types of Costs, Lifecycle costs, Budgets, Break even Analysis, Capital Budgeting, Application of Linear Programming. Investment Analysis – NPV, ROI, IRR, Payback Period, Depreciation, Time value of money (present and future worth of cash flows). Business Forecasting – Elementary techniques. Statements – Cash flow, Financial, Case Study Method. (3 lectures)

Module 4:Indian economy - Brief overview of post-independence period – plans. Post re- form Growth, Structure of productive activity. Issues of Inclusion – Sectors, States/Regions, Groups of people (M/F), Urbanization. Employment– Informal, Organized, Unorganized, Public, Private, Challenges and Policy Debates in Monetary, Fiscal, Social, External sectors. (2 lectures)

Module 5:*Estimation* / Measurements for various items- Introduction to the process of Estimation; Use of relevant Indian Standard Specifications for the same, taking out quantities from the given requirements of the work, comparison of different alternatives, Bar bending schedules, Mass haul Diagrams, Estimating Earthwork and Foundations, Estimating Concrete and Masonry, Finishes, Interiors, MEP works; BIM and quantity take-offs; adding equipment costs; labour costs; rate analysis; Material survey-Thumb rules for computation of materials requirement for different materials for buildings, percentage breakup of the cost, cost sensitive index, market survey of basic materials. Use of Computers in quantity surveying

Module 6:Specifications-Types, requirements and importance, detailed specifications for buildings, roads, minor bridges and industrial structures.

Module 7:Rate analysis-Purpose, importance and necessity of the same, factors affecting, task work, daily output from different equipment/ productivity. (3lectures)

Module 8:Tender- Preparation of tender documents, importance of inviting tenders, contract types, relative merits, prequalification. general and special conditions, termination of con- tracts, extra work and Changes, penalty and liquidated charges, Settlement of disputes, R.A. Bill & Final Bill, Payment of advance, insurance, claims, price variation, etc., Preparing Bids- Bid Price buildup: Material, Labour, Equipment costs, Risks, Direct & Indirect Overheads, Profits; Bid conditions, alternative specifications; Alternative Bids. Bid process management (6 lectures)

Module 9:Introduction to Acts pertaining to-Minimum wages, Workman's compensation, Contracts, Arbitration, Easement rights. (1 lecture)

Term Work Assignments may include:

1. Deriving an approximate estimate for a multistoried building by approximate methods.
2. Detailed estimate for the following with the required material survey for

thesame.

- a. Ground plus three storied RCC Framed structure building with blockwork walls
- b. bridge with minimum 2 spans
- c. Factorybuilding
- d. road work
- e. cross drainagework
- f. Ground plus three storied building with load-bearing walls g Cost of finishes, MEP works for (f)above
3. Preparation of valuation report in standard Governmentform.
4. Assignments on rate analysis, specifications and simple estimates. 5. Detailed estimate of minorstructure.
6. Preparation of bar bendingschedule.

Text/Reference Books:

1. Mankiw Gregory N. (2002), *Principles of Economics*, ThompsonAsia
2. V. Mote, S. Paul, G. Gupta(2004), *Managerial Economics*, Tata McGrawHill
3. Misra, S.K. and Puri (2009), *Indian Economy*, Himalaya
4. Pareek Saroj (2003), *Textbook of Business Economics*, SunrisePublishers
5. M Chakravarty, *Estimating, Costing Specifications & Valuation*
6. Joy P K, *Handbook of Construction Management*, Macmillan
7. B.S. Patil, *Building & Engineering Contracts*
8. Relevant Indian Standard Specifications.
9. World Bank Approved Contract Documents.
10. FIDIC Contract Conditions.
11. Acts Related to Minimum Wages, Workmen's Compensation, Contract, and Arbitration
12. Typical PWD Rate Analysis documents.
13. UBS Publishers & Distributors, *Estimating and Costing in Civil Engineering: Theory and Practice including Specification and Valuations*, 2016
14. Dutta, B.N., *Estimating and Costing in Civil Engineering (Theory & Practice)*, UBS Publishers, 2016

Outcomes:

On completion of the course, the students will:

- Have an idea of Economics in general, Economics of India particularly for public sector agencies and private sector businesses
- Be able to perform and evaluate present worth, future worth and annual worth analyses on one of more economical alternatives.
- Be able to carry out and evaluate benefit/cost, life cycle and breakeven analyses on one or more economical alternatives.
- Be able to understand the technical specifications for various works to be performed for a project and how they impact the cost of a structure.
- Be able to quantify the worth of a structure by evaluating quantities

of constituents, derive their cost rates and build up the overall cost of the structure.

- Be able to understand how competitive bidding works and how to submit a competitive bid proposal.

PCC-CE615	Disaster Preparedness & Planning Management	2L:1T:0P	3 credits
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The overall aim of this course is to provide broad understanding about the basic concepts of Disaster Management with preparedness as a Civil Engineer. Further, the course introduces the various natural hazards that can pose risk to property, lives, and livestock, etc. and understanding of the social responsibility as an engineer towards preparedness as well as mitigating the damages.

The objectives of the course are i) To Understand basic concepts in Disaster Management ii) To Understand Definitions and Terminologies used in Disaster Management iii) To Understand Types and Categories of Disasters iv). To Understand the Challenges posed by Disasters vi) To understand Impacts of Disasters Key Skills

Syllabus

Module 1: Introduction - Concepts and definitions: disaster, hazard, vulnerability, risks- severity, frequency and details, capacity, impact, prevention, mitigation).

Module 2: Disasters- Disasters classification; natural disasters (floods, draught, cyclones, volcanoes, earthquakes, tsunami, landslides, coastal erosion, soil erosion, forest fires etc.); manmade disasters (industrial pollution, artificial flooding in urban areas, nuclear radiation, chemical spills, transportation accidents, terrorist strikes, etc.); hazard and vulnerability profile of India, mountain and coastal areas, ecological fragility.

Module 3: Disaster Impacts - Disaster impacts (environmental, physical, social, ecological, economic, political, etc.); health, psycho-social issues; demographic aspects (gender, age, special needs); hazard locations; global and national disaster trends; climate change and urban disasters.

Module 4: Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) - Disaster management cycle – its phases; prevention, mitigation, preparedness, relief and recovery; structural and non-structural measures; risk analysis, vulnerability and capacity assessment; early warning systems, Post-disaster environmental response (water, sanitation, food safety, waste management, disease control, security, communications); Roles and responsibilities of government, community, local institutions, NGOs and other stakeholders; Policies and legislation for disaster risk reduction, DRR programmes in India and the activities of National Disaster Management Authority.

Module 5: Disasters, Environment and Development - Factors affecting vulnerability such as impact of developmental projects and environmental modifications (including of dams, land-use changes, urbanization etc.), sustainable and environmental friendly recovery; reconstruction and development methods.

Text/Reference Books:

1. <http://ndma.gov.in/> (Home page of National Disaster Management Authority)

2. <http://www.ndmindia.nic.in/> (National Disaster management in India, Ministry of HomeAffairs).
3. Pradeep Sahni, 2004, Disaster Risk Reduction in South Asia, PrenticeHall.
4. Singh B.K., 2008, Handbook of Disaster Management: Techniques & Guidelines, RajatPublication.
5. Ghosh G.K., 2006, Disaster Management, APH PublishingCorporation
6. Disaster Medical Systems Guidelines. Emergency Medical Services Authority, State of California, EMSA no.214, June2003
7. InterAgency Standing Committee (IASC) (Feb. 2007). IASC Guidelines onMental Health and Psychosocial Support in Emergency Settings. Geneva:IASC

Outcomes:

- The student will develop competencies in the application of Disaster Concepts to Management

Analyzing Relationship between Development and Disasters. ¼ Ability to understand Categories of Disasters and realization of the responsibilities