

## SEMESTER I

### GBMB-101 BIOCHEMISTRY

#### Course Objective

At the end of this course the students will be able to describe:

- Bioenergetics, pH, salts, acid and base, buffers.
- carbohydrates and polymers
- Lipid classification and uses
- Enzyme classification and its activity

#### Course Content

##### Unit 1:

Introduction: General Composition of living matter-A Brief account and function of biomolecules.

Bioenergetics: Principles of bioenergetics. Energy Rich compounds. Biological Oxidation - reduction reactions.

Water: Properties of water molecule, Hydrophilic and hydrophobic groups in biological molecules.

##### Unit 2:

Carbohydrates: Classification, general structure and properties of monosaccharides. Stereochemistry of carbohydrates, Homopolysaccharides & heteropolysaccharides, Functions of carbohydrates, Structure and functions of Starch, Glycogen, Cellulose

##### Unit 3:

Lipids: Classification and general structure, properties of fats and Oils, Definitions and determination of Acid value, Saponification value, Iodine Number, Reichert-Meisler-Wollny number

##### Unit 4:

Enzymes: Classification, specificity & mechanism of catalysis, active sites, factors affecting enzyme activity, Michaelis – Menten equation,  $K_m$  &  $V_{max}$ , inhibition, allosteric enzymes.

#### Recommended Books:

1. Lehninger A.L., Nelson D.L. and Cox M.M. (2005). Principles of biochemistry (W. H. Freeman, USA).
2. Stryer L, J. M. Berg, J.L. Tymoczko (2001). Biochemistry (W.H. Freeman and Company, New York).
3. Rawn J.D. (1989). Biochemistry (Neil Patterson Publishers).
4. G.L. Zubay, W.W. Parson, D.E. Vance. (1995). Principles of biochemistry: Student study art notebook (Wm.C. Brown).

### GBMB-102 CELL BIOLOGY

#### Course Objective:

At the end of this course the students will be able to describe:

1. What is cell, its structure & function also regarding different cellular organelles.
2. Function of cell wall, Plasma membrane structure, different models, function etc.
3. Regarding cell division, Mitosis, meiosis, Comparison.
4. Regarding Movement across membranes- Passive transport: simple diffusion, facilitated diffusion-transporters (uniporters and co-transporters) and channel proteins. Active transport.
5. What is cell cycle, programmed cell death, Carcinogenesis, types and therapy, Chromosomal Organization, alteration in chromosome number, polyploidy etc.

Course Content:

##### Unit-I

Cell as a basic unit of living systems, The cell theory. Precellular evolution: artificial creation of cells.

Cell of different types: PPLO's, bacteria, eukaryotic, microbes, plant and animal cells. A detailed classification of cell types within an organism. Cell, tissue organ and organisms as different levels of organizations of otherwise genetically similar cells.

##### Unit-II

Biochemical composition of cells (proteins, lipids, carbohydrates, nucleic acids and the metabolic pool)

Biological Membranes: Molecular architecture of membranes; solute transport across membranes, model membranes and liposomes.

### **Unit-III**

Structure and function of cell organelles, ultra structure of cell membrane, cytosol, Golgi bodies, endoplasmic reticulum (rough and smooth), ribosomes, cytoskeletal structures (actin, microtubules etc.) Mitochondria, chloroplasts, lysosomes, peroxysomes, nucleus (nuclear membrane, nucleoplasm, nucleolus chromatin).

### **Unit-IV**

Cell division and cell cycle: mitosis, meiosis, stages of cell cycle, binary fission, amitosis.

Cell-cell interaction, Cell locomotion (amoeboid, flagellar and ciliary), Cell senescence and death: Apoptosis and necrosis, Cell differentiation in plants and animals: totipotent, multipotent, pluripotent cells.

#### **Suggested readings:**

1. Cell Biology by Sadava
2. Molecular Cell Biology, Lodish *et al.*, Freeman and Company, New York, 1999
3. Essential Cell Biology- An introduction to the molecular Biology of the cell- Alberts, Bray, Johnson, Lewis, Raff, Roberts, Walter, Garland Publishing.
4. Molecular Biology of the cell- Bruce Alberts, Garland Publishing Inc.
5. Cell Biology- A short course, Second edition, Stephen R. Bolsover, Wiley Publication
6. Genes IX - Benjamin Lewin, Prentice Hall Publication
7. An introduction to Practical Biochemistry- David T Plummer, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition
8. Developmental Biology, Ninth edition, S. F. Gilbert, Sinauer Associates Inc.

### **GBMB-103 Introduction and Scope of Microbiology**

#### **Course Objective:**

- (i) The student will be able to understand the basic techniques in microbiology to improve yield of the microbes etc.
- (ii) The student will understand the application of microbial agents in agrochemical industries.
- (iv) The student will learn the advancement in genetic engineering techniques in agriculture.
- (v) At the end of this course, the student will learn the use of biofertilizers and ethical aspects in agriculture and animal farming."

#### **Course Contents:**

##### **UNIT – I**

Scope and Historical aspects of Microbiology, Characterization, classification and identification of microorganisms. Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria, A general account of fungi and ascomycetes.

##### **UNIT – II**

Microbial classification: Bacteria & Viruses.

Morphology of bacteria, viruses with major emphasis on bacterial structure specially cell wall, Prions, Viroids.

##### **UNIT – III**

Microbial growth, nutritional biodiversity, phases of growth and synchronous growth, Chemostat, Microbes in extreme environment like high temperature and high/ low pH values, Physical and chemical agents to kill microbes, sterilization and pasteurization processes.

##### **UNIT –IV**

Microbial metabolism: Energy production, energy utilization and biosynthesis (major emphasis on unique carbohydrate metabolic pathways, cell wall synthesis and photosynthesis). Microbial spores, sporulation/ germination process, Applications of microorganisms.

### **Lab Course: GBMB 101,102,103**

#### **Practical**

1. Preparation and handling of solutions.
2. Preparation of buffer.
3. Identification of carbohydrate present in the given sample by qualitative method.
4. Estimate the concentrations of reducing sugar present in the given sample by DNSA method.
5. Estimate the concentrations of sugar present in the given sample by anthrone method.
6. Isolation of milk protein from the given milk sample.
7. Determination of vitamin C content in fresh fruit.

8. Microscope: Type, working knowledge and its use.
9. To identify the number of cells present in the given 1ml sample
10. Determination of osmotic concentration of cell sap by plasmolytic method.
11. Determination of osmotic value of plant tissue.
12. Determination of osmotic pressure of cell contents.
13. Demonstration of permanent slides of different stages of mitosis.
14. Demonstration of permanent slides of different stages of meiosis.
15. Preparation of acetocarmine solution for meiotic and mitotic studies.
16. Demonstration of omnipresence of microbes
17. Examination of microorganisms in live preparations.
  - i. Hay infusion examination.
  - ii. Examination of protozoa
  - iii. Hanging drop technique
  - iv. Motility in semi solid agar.

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. Michael J Pelczar, JR. E.C.S. Chan, Noel R. Krieg. Microbiology, 5th Edition, Tata MacGraw Hill Press.
2. Prescott L.M., Harley J.P., and Klein D.A. Microbiology, 6th Edition. MacGraw Hill Companies Inc.
3. Ingraham J. L. and Ingraham C.A. Introduction to Microbiology. 3rd Edition. Thomson Brooks / Cole.
4. Daniel Lim, Microbiology, 2nd Edition; McGraw-Hill Publication

#### **GBMB-104 BOTANY I**

##### **(Introductory Phycology and plant physiology)**

##### **Course Objective:**

"1. Students can learn about various classes of plants diversity. 2. Students will able to explain about diversity 3. student easily understand the diversity study procedures"

##### **Course Content**

##### **UNIT I**

1. General characteristic of the group (Algae), basic outlines of Fritsch's and Smith's classification, elementary knowledge of thallus organization and alternation of generation. 2. Structure of thallus and mode of reproduction in *Volvox*, *Oedogonium*, *Ectocarpus*; General Characters and applications of Lichens. 3. A brief idea of algal ecology; epiphytic, parasitic and symbiotic algae, Cyanobacteria, Economic importance of algae.

##### **UNIT II**

1. Cell Physiology, diffusion, permeability, plasmolysis, imbibition, water potential and osmotic potential. Types of soil water, water holding capacity, wilting coefficient. 2. Active and passive absorption, path of water transport and theories related with ascent of sap, mechanism of transpiration, factors affecting transpiration, guttation. 3. Mechanism of absorption of mineral salts, mechanism of solute translocation.

##### **UNIT III**

1. Concept of macro and micronutrients, mineral deficiency disorders, techniques of water and sand culture. 2. Nitrogen cycle and nitrogen fixation, Importance of nitrate reductase and its regulation, Ammonium assimilation.

##### **UNIT IV**

1. A brief history of photosynthesis, role of primary pigments. 2. Concepts of two photosystems, Z-scheme, Photophosphorylation. 3. Calvin cycle; C-4 cycle, CAM plants; Factors affecting photosynthesis.

##### **UNIT V**

1. Respiration, glycolysis, Krebs's cycle. 2. Electron transport mechanism (Chemi-osmotic theory), oxidative phosphorylation. 3. Factor affecting respiration.

##### **Practical**

1. Demonstration of the instrumentation in Lab and studies of its principle and functions

2. Demonstration of permanent slides of Algae
3. Preparation of transverse section of root nodules if *Arachis hypogea* roots for the observation of N<sub>2</sub>-fixing bacteroids.
4. Making of a potato Osmoscope for the demonstration of the mechanism of Osmosis.
5. Extraction of chlorophyll and carotenoids from given plant samples and estimation of the  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$  of pigments.
6. Slide preparation to demonstrate the structure and number of stomata in leaves and study of the mechanisms of stomatal opening and closing.
7. Demonstration of hydroponics and study of its significance.
8. Estimation of the rate of transpiration using Ganong's Potometer.
9. Demonstration of the mechanism of exosmosis, endosmosis and Imbibition using grapes, raisin and gram seeds.
10. Demonstration of starch formation during photosynthesis.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Khan M. Fundamentals of Phycology. BSMPS, Dehradun
2. Morris IN Introduction to Algae, Hutchinson Library Series
3. Smith. Cryptogamic Botany Vol I
4. Devlin RM. Plant Physiology .(Indian Print). New Delhi
5. Verma SK. A Text Book of Plant Physiology
6. Kochhhar PL and HB Krishnamurthy. Plant Physiology
7. Taiz and Zeiger, Plant Physiology, Publisher: Sinauer Associates, California, USA.

## **BMB-105 ZOOLOGY I**

### **(Human Physiology)**

#### **Course Objective:**

"At the end of this course the students will be able to: 1. Describe unique characters of animal kingdom. 2. Recognize life functions of different animal kingdom."

#### **Course Contents**

##### **UNIT I**

**Musculoskeletal system:** Bones, ligaments, tendons, cartilages and muscles. Physiology of muscle contraction in skeletal and smooth muscles.

**Nervous system:** Central and peripheral nervous systems, structure and functions of neurons and brain, action potential, IPSP, EPSP, synaptic transmission, neurotransmitters, nerve conduction mechanism.

##### **UNIT II**

**Circulatory system:** Structure and functions of heart and blood vessels, cardiac output, hemoglobin, blood coagulation, O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> transport, components and functions of blood. **Respiratory system:** Structure and function of lungs, pulmonary circulation, regulation of respiration.

##### **UNIT III**

**Digestive system:** Parts of digestion system, digestion and absorption of protein, carbohydrates, lipids and nucleic acids.

**Reproductive system:** Male and female sex organs, Reproductive mechanisms, functional morphology of reproductive organs, gametogenesis, menstrual cycle, hormonal control of reproduction.

##### **UNIT IV**

**Endocrine system:** Endocrine glands: structure and functions, endocrine hormones and their functions.

#### **Practical**

1. Test of the following food components.
  - a. Carbohydrates.
  - b. Proteins.
  - c. Fats.
2. Demonstration of the action of salivary amylase.
3. Process of Peptic digestion.
4. Identification of the blood groups and Rh factor.
5. Counting of total RBC and WBC.
6. Demonstration of Percent hemoglobin.
7. Demonstration of ammonia and Urea in the Urine sample.
8. Effect of hyper tonic and hypo tonic solution.
9. Study of skeletal system with the help of models.
10. Study of different types of heart with the help of chart/model.
11. Study of urinogenital system with the help of chart.
12. Study of muscular system with the help of chart.
13. Study of digestive system with the help of chart.
14. Study of urinogenital system with the help of chart.
15. Study of blood-vascular system with the help of chart.

#### **Recommended Books**

1. Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E., 2000, A Text Book of Medical Physiology, Xth Edition, W.B. Saunders Company.
2. Ganong, H, 2003, Review of Medical Physiology, 21 st Edition, McGrawHill.
3. Strand Fluer, 1978, Physiology (a regulatory system approach) McMillan Pub. Co.
4. David Shier, Jackie, Butler & Lewis, 1996, Human Anatomy & Physiology, WCB, USA.

## GBBT-106 CHEMISTRY I

### Course Objective:

"(i) After the completion of this course, the student will understand the modern view of atomic structure, and learn to fill configuration of elements (ii) The students will learn the physical chemistry concepts in gaseous states and its applications. (iii) The student will be able to understand the homogenous non-crystalline substance, generate application of colloids and nano-materials and their real-world applications."

### Course Contents:

1. **Atomic Structure:** Idea of de Broglie matter waves. Heisenberg uncertainty principle. Quantum numbers. Aufbau and Pauli's exclusion principles. Hund's multiplicity rule. Variation of orbital energies with atomic number and energy level diagram, electronic configuration of elements, Schrödinger wave equation, significance of wave functions, effective nuclear charge and shielding; radial and angular wave functions.
2. **Gaseous State:** Kinetic theory of gases, ideal gas laws and kinetic theory. Collision in a gas- mean free path, collision diameter, collision number. Behaviour of real gases - the van der Waals equation, brief mention of other equations of state. Critical phenomena - critical constants of a gas and their determination, continuity of state, the van der Waals equation and critical state.
3. **Colloids and Nano-Chemistry:** Adsorption- Langmuir and Freundlich isotherms. Multi layer adsorption- BET equation (no derivation) and its application to surface area measurement. Sols (reversible and irreversible), gel, suspension, colloids, true solution, phases of colloidal solution, methods to prepare colloidal solution (in brief), surfactants, emulsions and emulsifiers, association colloids (micelles), parameters governing the formation of surfactant aggregates. Properties of colloidal solution. Nanomaterials and their applications in medicine, food, environment, energy, next generation computer chips, catalysis, water purification.
4. **Structure and Reactivity:** Atomic orbitals, hybridization, orbital representation of methane, ethane, ethene, ethyne and benzene; polarity of bonds – inductive, resonance and steric effects and their influence on acidity and basicity of organic compounds.
5. **Organic reaction mechanisms :** Heterolytic and homolytic cleavage, nucleophiles, electrophiles and free-radicals; substitution, addition and elimination reactions; mechanism of chlorination of methane, SN1 and SN2 mechanisms. E1 and E2 mechanisms, Elimination versus substitution reactions, Addition reactions (electrophilic and free radical), Hydration, hydroxylation, hydroboration.

### Recommended Books:

1. "A New Concise Inorganic Chemistry", **J. D. Lee**, 5th Edition (1996), Chapman & Hall, London.
2. "Modern Inorganic Chemistry", **R. C. Aggarwal**, 1st Edition (1987), KitabMahal, Allahabad.
3. "Basic Inorganic Chemistry", **F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, and Paul L. Gaus**, 3rd Edition (1995), John Wiley & Sons, New York.
4. "Organic Chemistry", **R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd**, 6th Edition (1992), Prentice-Hall of India (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
5. "Organic Chemistry", **S. M. Mukherjee, S. P. Singh, and R. P. Kapoor**, 1st Edition (1985), New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, New Delhi.
6. "Organic Chemistry – Structure and Reactivity", **Seyhan N. Ege**, 3rd Edition (1998), AITBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi.
7. "Organic Chemistry", **Paula Y. Bruice**, 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall International Inc, New Jersey, International Edition (1998).
8. "Physical Chemistry", **P. C. Rakshit**, 5th Edition (1988), 4th Reprint (1997), Sarat Book House, Calcutta.
9. "Principles of Physical Chemistry", **B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma, and M. S. Pathania**, 37th Edition (1998), ShobanLalNagin Chand & Co., Jalandhar.
10. "Physical Chemistry", **K. J. Laidler and J. M. Meiser**, 3rd Edition, Houghton Mifflin Comp., New York, International Edition (1999).
11. "Principle of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", (2010), **M. A. Shah and Tokeer Ahmad**, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.